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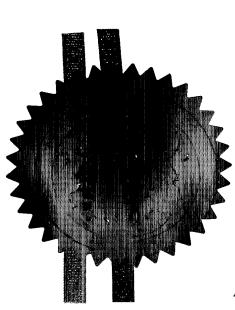
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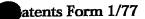
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305111GB/VRD

2. Patent application number (The Patent Office will fill in this part)

0406642.9

2 4 MAR 2004

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant (underline all surnames)

Esselte, Industriepark-Noord 30, 9100 Sint Niklaas, Belgium.

Patents ADP number (if you know it)

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

8817058001

Belgium

4. Title of the invention

Tape Printer

5. Name of your agent (if you have one)

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent (including the postcode)

PAGE WHITE & FARRER 54 Doughty Street, London WC1N 2LS, United Kingdom

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1255003

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TAPE PRINTER

Field of Invention

The present invention relates to a tape printer. Particularly but not exclusively, the present invention relates to a handheld tape printer for use with a cassette housing a print receiving medium and a separate cassette housing a print forming medium, such as an image transfer tape.

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Background of the Invention

tape printers may be divided into two types: tape printers for use with a cassette which houses both a print receiving medium (hereinafter referred to as a tape which may be a continuous tape or may comprise a web carrying die cut labels) and a print forming medium (hereinafter referred to as an ink ribbon); and tape printers which are arranged for use with a cassette housing the tape and a separate cassette The advantage of housing the ink ribbon. 20 arrangement is that the ink ribbon cassette may be replaced with another cassette containing ink ribbon of either the same or a different type without replacing the tape cassette. This is advantageous in, for example, multicoloured printing in which the ink ribbon cassette may be replaced with another 25 different colour. cassette containing ink ribbon of a Alternatively, the tape cassette may be replaced without This feature ink ribbon cassette. replacing the advantageous if a different type of tape is required, such as a tape of a different width or a tape comprising a different 30 material. Furthermore, a single ink ribbon cassette may be used for a plurality of tape cassettes with the ink ribbon in the ink ribbon cassette being longer than the tape in the tape cassette.

In the present specification, systems which use a cassette containing both the tape and ink ribbon are referred to as D1-type systems and systems which use separate tape and ink ribbon cassettes are referred to as D2-type systems.

The most common arrangement for both D1 and D2 type systems

10 comprises a tape printer having a cassette receiving portion
in an upper surface thereof. The cassette receiving portion
houses a printhead and a platen.

In known D1-type systems the cassette housing the tape and ink ribbon is inserted into the receiving portion from a top side in a direction which is parallel to an axis of rotation of the platen and also parallel to a line of print elements on the printhead such that when the cassette is received by the cassette receiving portion, the tape and the ink ribbon pass in overlap between the printhead and platen with the ink ribbon on the same side of the tape as the printhead. On receiving the cassette in the cassette receiving portion, the printhead and/or the platen roller are moveable so as to pinch the ink ribbon and tape therebetween for printing.

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In known D2-type arrangements the printer comprises a cassette receiving portion for receiving the tape cassette and the ink ribbon cassette. The cassette receiving portion houses a platen and a printhead and the tape cassette and the ink ribbon cassette are inserted from a top side in a direction parallel to an axis rotation of the platen and also parallel to a line of printing elements on the printhead. When received in the cassette receiving portion, the tape and the ink ribbon

pass in overlap between the printhead and the platen with the printhead and/or the platen being moveable so as to pinch the tape and ink ribbon therebetween for printing.

5 A disadvantage of this type of vertical loading arrangement is that the tape and/or ink ribbon may catch on elements of the printer such as the printhead and/or platen thus damaging the tape and/or ink ribbon. Furthermore, the cassettes used in such arrangements have portions of the tape/ink ribbon extending outside the housing of the cassette. Accordingly, the tape and/or ink ribbon may be damaged during storage as well as during use.

A D1-type arrangement which seeks to solve the above identified problem is disclosed in US-5,435,657. This patent discloses a printer for use with a cartridge housing an ink ribbon and tape. A platen is provided in the cassette which co-operates with the tape and ink ribbon, the tape being disposed on a side closest to the platen relative to the ink ribbon. The printer has an opening on a side thereof for receiving the cassette which may be laterally inserted into the printer. When laterally inserted into the printer, the platen of the cassette operates with a printhead in the printer and a gear on the platen co-operates with a gear in the printer for advancing the tape and ink ribbon.

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WO 99/44834 discloses a D2-type printer in which an ink ribbon cassette is laterally insertable in a side thereof. The tape is supplied as a spool which is insertable in a spool receiving portion from a top side of the printer. The printer houses a printhead and a platen for co-operation with the tape and ink ribbon which pass therebetween. In the arrangement disclosed in WO 99/44834 the platen and printhead are arranged

such that the axis of rotation of the platen and a line of print elements on the printhead are parallel to the direction of insertion of the ink ribbon cassette. Accordingly, the above described problem of the ink ribbon catching the platen and/or the printhead remains in this arrangement. Furthermore, as the tape is not housed in a cassette it may be damaged during storage and use.

Summary of the Invention

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An aim of the embodiments described hereinafter is to solve the problems outlined above.

According to the present invention there is provided a tape printer for use with a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette, said printer comprising a housing and a printhead having a line of printing elements thereon, wherein said printer comprises at least one cassette receiving portion in said housing for receiving the tape cassette and the ink ribbon cassette, such that the cassettes are receivable in a direction which is substantially perpendicular to the line of printing elements on the printhead when the printhead is in a printing position.

According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a tape printing system comprising a tape printer as defined above in combination with a tape cassette housing a supply of tape and an ink ribbon cassette housing a supply of ink ribbon.

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According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided an ink ribbon cassette for a tape printer, said cassette comprising a body having an ink ribbon supply portion

housing an ink ribbon supply spool, an ink ribbon take-up portion housing an ink ribbon take up spool, and a member connecting said two portions, wherein an opening is provided in the body between the ink ribbon supply portion and the ink ribbon take up portion which extends over the entire width of the cassette body from a rear side to a front side in a direction perpendicular to axes of rotation of said spools, with ink ribbon passing from said ink ribbon supply portion to said ink ribbon take-up portion across said opening, said ink ribbon cassette further comprising a gear coupled to said ink-ribbon take-up spool at an upper or a lower portion thereof for coupling with a drive gear in a tape printer.

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According to another aspect of the present invention there is provided a method of loading a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette into a tape printer, said tape printer comprising a printhead having a line of printing elements thereon, said method comprising the step of inserting said tape cassette and said ink ribbon cassette into said tape printer in a direction which is substantially perpendicular to the line of printing elements on the printhead when the printhead is in a printing position.

invention solve the of the present Embodiments identified problems by providing a tape printer for use with a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette, in which the tape cassette and ink ribbon cassette are laterally insertable into the printer in a direction which is perpendicular to an axis of rotation of a platen and a line of print elements on a printhead within the printer. Accordingly, embodiments provide a D2-type system in which the tape cassette and ink ribbon cassette are loadable into the printer without the possibility of the tape and ink ribbon catching on elements of the printer

such as the printhead and/or platen. Embodiments of the present invention are user friendly and allow easy loading and unloading of cassettes into a tape printer. Furthermore, embodiments of the present invention have the advantage over D1-type arrangements in that the tape cassette or the ink ribbon cassette can be replaced individually according to the requirements of a user.

Brief Description of the Drawings

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For a better understanding of the present invention and to show how the same may be carried into effect, reference will now be made by way of example to the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a schematic diagram of a D2-type printing system according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 2a is a schematic diagram illustrating loading of an ink ribbon cassette in the embodiment shown in Figure 1;

Figure 2b is an enlarged view of a locking mechanism shown in Figure 2a;

Figure 3a shows a schematic diagram further illustrating loading of the ink ribbon cassette of Figure 2 with the ink ribbon cassette mounted in a cover of the printer;

Figure 3b shows the printer of Figure 3a with the cover of the printer in a closed position;

Figure 4 shows a schematic diagram of a D2-type printing system according to a second embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 5 shows another view of the embodiment shown in Figure 4;

Figure 6a shows a schematic diagram illustrating loading or an ink ribbon cassette in the embodiment of Figures 4 and 5:

Figure 6b shows an enlarged portion of Figure 6a illustrating alignment members in an ink ribbon cassette holder and on the ink ribbon cassette;

Figure 7a shows a schematic diagram further illustrating loading of the ink ribbon cassette of Figure 6, with the ink ribbon cassette in the ink ribbon cassette holder and a cover in an open position;

Figure 7b shows the printer of Figure 7a with the cover in a closed position;

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Figure 8 shows the embodiment of Figures 4 to 7 with an alternate cutting unit;

Figure 9 shows a schematic diagram of a D2-type printing system according to a third embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 10 shows another view of the embodiment shown in Figure 9;

20 Figure 11 shows a schematic diagram illustrating loading of an ink ribbon cassette in the embodiment of Figures 9 and 10;

Figure 12 shows another view similar to that of Figure 11 but with the housing transparent to show the internal features of the printer;

Figure 13a shows a schematic diagram illustrating the movement of a printhead into a printing position in the embodiment illustrated in Figures 9 to 12, with the printhead in a non-printing position;

Figure 13b shows the printer of Figure 13a with the printhead in an intermediate position between the non-printing position and a printing position;

Figure 14 shows a schematic diagram of the printhead in its printing position with the housing of the printer made transparent for clarity;

Figure 15 shows the schematic diagram of Figure 14 but without the printer housing made transparent;

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Figure 16 shows a schematic diagram of a D2-type printing system according to a fourth embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 17 shows a different view of the fourth embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 18 shows a schematic diagram illustrating loading of an ink ribbon cassette in the embodiment of Figures 16 and 17;

Figure 19 shows the schematic diagram of Figure 18 with the printer housing made transparent for clarity;

Figure 20 shows a schematic diagram illustrating the ink ribbon cassette and printhead of the arrangement shown in Figures 16 to 19;

Figure 21a shows a schematic diagram illustrating the movement of the printhead between a nonprinting position and a printing position in the fourth embodiment, the printhead being in the nonprinting position;

Figure 21b shows the printhead in an intermediate position between the nonprinting position and the printing position;

Figure 22 shows a schematic diagram illustrating the fourth embodiment in its printing arrangement with both the cassettes loaded and the printhead in its printing position, the printer housing being made transparent for clarity;

Figure 23 shows the schematic diagram of Figure 22 but with the housing not being made transparent;

Figure 24 shows a schematic diagram illustrating a tape cassette;

Figure 25 shows the tape cassette of Figure 24 with an upper side removed to illustrate the interior of the tape cassette;

Figure 26 shows an exploded view of the tape cassette of Figures 24 and 25;

Figure 27 shows a schematic diagram illustrating an ink ribbon cassette;

Figure 28 shows the ink ribbon cassette of Figure 27 with a front side removed to illustrate the interior of the ink ribbon cassette;

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Figure 29 shows an exploded view of the ink ribbon ...cassette of Figures 27 and 28.

In the drawings, like parts are labelled with the same reference numeral. Furthermore, it is to be noted that the drawings are only schematic. In particular, the drawings show the cassette receiving part of printers according to embodiments of the present invention. For clarity, other parts of the printer such as a keyboard and a display have not been illustrated. It is intended that the cassette receiving parts illustrated may be incorporated into a hand held printer or into a PC printer. For example, in one embodiment, the portion of the printer comprising the keyboard and display extends from a side of the cassette receiving part opposite the cutter mechanism in the illustrated embodiments.

Detailed Description of the Embodiments of the Invention

Figures 1 to 3 show schematic diagrams of a D2-type printing system according to a first embodiment of the present invention. The printing system comprises a printer 2, a tape cassette 4 (an embodiment of which is illustrated in more detail in Figures 24 to 26 and described later) and an ink

ribbon cassette 6 (an embodiment of which is illustrated in more detail in Figures 27 to 29 and described later). The printer 2 has a housing comprising two parts which are rotatable relative to each other. In the illustrated ' embodiment the housing comprises a cover 10 which is rotatable relative to a body 12 of the printer 2. The cover 10 may be a cover. An opening 8 on a side of the body 12 is provided for laterally inserting the tape cassette 4. The tape cassette 4 further comprises a platen roller 11. The cover 10 comprises a printhead 14 mounted thereon. When in an open position as illustrated in Figure 2a, the cover 10 is arranged to receive the ink ribbon cassette 6. Closing the cover 10 having the ink ribbon cassette 6 mounted thereon brings the printhead 14 into engagement with the platen 11 mounted in the tape cassette 4 with ink ribbon and tape disposed therebetween. The closing operation is illustrated in Figures 3a and 3b. A cutter 16 is provided on a side of the tape printer 2 adjacent to a tape exit 18 for cutting a label.

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- In an alternative arrangement the tape cassette is received in the cover and the ink ribbon cassette is received in the body of the printer. In such an arrangement, the printhead is provided in the body of the printer.
- 25 An embodiment of the tape cassette is illustrated in Figures 24 to 26. The tape cassette 4 comprises a housing which has an upper side 5, a lower side 7 and lateral sides 9, 11, 13, 15. The lower side 7 and the lateral sides 9, 11, 13, 15 are integral and the upper side 5 is attachable thereto for easy construction. The lower side 7 has a curved wall 17 on an inner surface thereof for receiving the tape 19 therein. Two opposed lateral sides 9, 11 have guide members 21 thereon for guiding the tape cassette on insertion into the printer to

provide good alignment of the cassette with the printhead in the printer. A tape supply spool 23 is provided within said housing and carries a supply of tape 19. The upper and lower sides have a through hole 25 positioned to correspond to the position of the spool 23 when loaded in the housing. said sides 15 has an opening 27 providing a tape exit at a corner of the housing. Adjacent the tape exit, a platen 29 is disposed for cooperation with the printhead 14 in the printer The platen is mounted adjacent said opening between said upper and lower sides for rotational motion with the axis of rotation of said platen being perpendicular to said upper and lower surfaces and also perpendicular to the direction of insertion of said cassette 4 into said printer 2. The tape is arranged to pass from said supply spool and around a portion of said platen such that a portion of tape disposed in the platen is exposed in the opening in the housing for printing thereon.

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An embodiment of the ink ribbon cassette is illustrated in Figures 27 to 29. The ink ribbon cassette 6 comprises a housing having a front and rear parts 31, 33 which are attachable to each other for easy manufacture. The housing has an ink ribbon supply portion 20, an ink ribbon take-up portion 22 and an opening 24 therebetween. The ink ribbon supply portion 20 houses an ink ribbon supply spool 35 while the ink ribbon take up portion 22 houses an ink ribbon take up The ink ribbon supply spool 35 carries a supply of spool 37. The ink ribbon 39 passes through a slit 41 in ink ribbon 39. the ink ribbon supply portion 20 of the housing and across the opening 24 between the ink ribbon supply portion 20 and the ink ribbon take-up portion 22 of the housing. The ink ribbon passes through a slit 43 in the ink ribbon take-up portion 22 of the housing to the ink ribbon take-up spool 37 housed

The ink ribbon supply portion 20 of the housing and the ink ribbon take-up portion 22 of the housing are connected at upper and lower sides by upper and lower cross members 26, In the particular embodiment illustrated in Figure 2, the upper cross member 28 is integral with an upper surface 30 of The upper surface passes over the opening 24 the housing. between the two portions 20, 22 of the housing and provides extra strength to prevent the cross members snapping during handling. A lower surface 45 may also be provided, as shown in Figures 27 to 29, passing under the opening 24 between the two portions of the housing to add further strength to the The cross members 26, 28 form a housing of the cassette. substantially rectangular window with sides of the ink ribbon supply portion 20 and ink ribbon take-up portion 22 of the housing. The opening 24 in the body of the cassette extends over the entire width of the cassette body from a rear side to a front side in a direction perpendicular to axes of rotation of the spools 35, 37. The ink ribbon 39 passes across the substantially rectangular window whereby in use the print head 14 in the printer 2 passes through the opening 24 in the housing and cooperates with the ink ribbon in the window for printing.

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The housing of the ink ribbon cassette further comprises a locking mechanism 32 as shown in Figure 2b which cooperates with the housing of the printer to hold the cassette 6 in place. In the embodiment illustrated in Figure 2, the locking mechanism 32 comprises an opening in the side of the cassette housing which cooperates with a projection 34 mounted on the housing of the printer 2 to form a snap-fit holding feature. In the illustrated embodiment, the projection is mounted on the cover 10 of the printer 2 for holding the cassette 6 in a cassette receiving portion in the cover of the printer.

The ink ribbon cassette further comprises a gear 23 coupled to said ink-ribbon take-up spool 37 at a lower portion thereof for coupling with a drive gear in a tape printer for printing. The ink ribbon cassette further comprises a gear 25 coupled to said ink-ribbon supply spool 35 at a lower portion thereof for coupling with a drive gear in a tape printer. This mechanism allows for rewinding of the ink ribbon and also can be utilized to pre-tension the ink ribbon prior to printing. The ink ribbon cassette further comprises two sprockets 47, 49 with flanges 51, 53, the sprockets being coupled to the ink-ribbon supply spool 35 and the ink ribbon take up spool 37 respectively. The sprockets are biased by helical springs 55, 57 to form a rewind brake.

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The cassette receiving portion of the cover comprises two with a printhead mounting portion 40 36, 38 cavities therebetween. The print head mounting portion 40 passes from a lower surface of the cover 10 to a position spaced apart from the upper surface of the cover 10. A gap is therefore provided between the print head mounting portion 40 and the upper surface of the cover 10 for accommodating the upper surface 30 of the ink ribbon cassette 6. In an alternative embodiment in which an ink ribbon cassette is provided with a lower surface, a gap is also provided between the print head mounting portion and the lower surface of the cover for accommodating the lower surface of the ink ribbon cassette.

The print head 14 is mounted on the print head mounting portion 40. When the ink ribbon cassette 6 is inserted in the cassette receiving portion, the ink ribbon supply portion 20 of the cassette housing is accommodated in one of the cavities 36 of the cassette receiving portion and the ink ribbon take-

up portion 22 of the cassette housing is accommodated in the other one of the cavities 38 of the cassette receiving portion. The print head mounting portion 40 passes through the opening 24 between the two portions of the cassette 20, 22 whereby the printhead 14 is disposed against the ink ribbon in the window of the cassette housing. The snap-fit mechanism 32, 34 holds the cassette 6 in the cassette receiving portion in this position. When the cover 10 is closed as illustrated in Figure 3a and 3b, the printhead 14 cooperates with the platen in the tape cassette 4 with the tape and ink ribbon disposed therebetween for printing.

The tape passes though a tape exit 18 comprising an opening in a side of the body 12 of the printer 2 and after printing a printed label is cut from the tape by operation of a cutting mechanism 16 located adjacent the tape exit 18.

Figures 4 to 7 show schematic diagrams of a D2-type printing system according to a second embodiment of the present invention. The printing system comprises a similar structure to that of the first embodiment. The second embodiment differs from the first embodiment in that the ink ribbon cassette 106 is not mounted directly in the cover 10 carrying the printhead 14, but rather is mounted in an ink ribbon cassette holder 42 which moves together with the cover 10 when opening the cover, but with limited rotation relative to the cover. When closing the cover 10, the ink ribbon cassette holder 42 holding the ink ribbon cassette 106 is engaged by the cover 10 and is pushed into a closed position with the printhead 14 passing through an opening in the holder 42 and ink ribbon cassette 106 to co-operate with the platen roller in the tape cassette 4.

Figures 4 and 5 illustrate two views of the printer 2 with a tape cassette 4 and an ink ribbon cassette 106 mounted therein. Figure 6 illustrates how the ink ribbon cassette 106 is mounted in the printer 2.

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The ink ribbon cassette 106 is similar in structure to that previously described in relation to the first embodiment. housing has the same two portion structure with an opening therebetween. In the embodiment illustrated in Figures 6a and 6b, the cassette has an upper surface 30 extending over the opening between the two housing portions and a lower surface ...44 extending below the opening between the two housing portions. One or more alignment members 46 are provided on the housing of the cassette for cooperation with alignment members 48 in the ink ribbon cassette holder of the printer for correctly aligning the ink ribbon cassette. illustrated embodiment, the alignment members 46 comprise grooves in the upper and lower surfaces of the cassette which cooperate with ribs 48 in the cassette holder in the printer. An alternative would be to provide ribs on the cassette and grooves in the cassette holder.

The ink ribbon cassette holder comprises an upper surface 50, a lower surface 52 and two wall portions 54 disposed therebetween on one side of the holder. An opening is 25 provided between the two wall portions on said one side through which the printhead passes when the cover is closed. embodiment two further wall portions may In another provided on an opposite side of the holder to said wallportions 54, with an opening therebetween through which the 30 printhead may pass when the cover is closed. The cassette holder 42 is mounted in the body 12 of the printer for limited rotation relative to the body whereby when the cover 10 is

opened the cassette holder rotates though an angle less than the angle through which the cover rotates. The cassette holder 54 and the cover 10 are mounted on a common axis for rotation. The cover 10 can rotate through an angle of up to approximately 90° but more usually up to 70° and more usually still up to 50°. The holder 54 can rotate though an angle of up to 45° but more usually up to 35° and more usually still up to 25°, i.e. approximately half the angle though which the cover rotates.

The cover 10 has a similar structure to that previously described in relation to the first embodiment. That is, the cover 10 comprises a receiving portion having two cavities 36, 38 with a print head support portion 40 therebetween. A gap is provided between the print head mounting portion and the lower surface of the cover for accommodating the lower surface of the ink ribbon cassette holder and the lower surface of the ink ribbon cassette 106. Another gap is provided between the print head mounting portion and the upper surface of the cover for accommodating the upper surface of the ink ribbon cassette holder and the upper surface of the ink ribbon cassette holder and the upper surface of the ink ribbon cassette

Figures 7a and 7b show the operation of closing the cover 10. Figure 7a shows the printer in an open position. On closing, the cover is rotated in a clockwise direction thus causing the print head 14 mounted on the print head mounting portion 40 to pass though the opening in the cassette holder 42 and the opening in the ink ribbon cassette 106. As the cover 10 is rotated it cooperates with the cassette holder 42 thereby receiving the cassette holder and the cassette in the receiving portion and pushing the cassette within the holder into its printing position. In this closed position shown in Figure 7b, the print head cooperates with the platen in the

tape cassette 4 with the tape and ink ribbon disposed therebetween. The cover 10 holds the ink ribbon cassette 106 in this position after closing.

5 While the first embodiment is more simple in design and construction than the second embodiment and is therefore easier and cheaper to manufacture, the holder of the second embodiment may provide improved alignment of the ink ribbon cassette when in the printing position thereby improving print quality. The second embodiment may also provide an easier and more user friendly arrangement for loading the ink ribbon cassette into the printer.

Figure 8 shows the embodiment of Figures 4 to 7 with an alternate cutting unit 116 which is more compact.

Figures 9 to 15 show schematic diagrams of a D2-type printing system according to a third embodiment of the present invention. The printing system comprises a tape cassette 4, a tape printer and an ink ribbon cassette 206. The tape printer 20 has an opening 8 in a side thereof for laterally inserting the tape cassette 4. The tape printer has another opening 58 for lateral insertion of the ink ribbon cassette 206. The tape printer further comprises a printhead 14 mounted on a rotatable mechanism 60 for rotating the printhead into a 25 printing position via a lever 56 mounted for rotation on the printer. The printhead 14 passes through an opening in the ink ribbon cassette 206 to co-operate with the platen mounted in the tape cassette 4 such that the tape and ink ribbon are disposed therebetween. 30

The structure of the tape cassette 4 and the ink ribbon cassette 206 is similar to that described previously in the first and second embodiments.

5 The printer differs from those described in the first and second embodiments in that the ink ribbon cassette 206 is not mounted in a cover but rather is mounted directly in the body 12 of the printer. The housing of the printer does not comprise two parts which are rotatable relative to each other, 10 but rather comprises a single body 12. An ink ribbon cassette receiving portion 58 is provided in the body. This is similar in structure to the ink ribbon cassette holder described in relation to the second embodiment and is illustrated in Figures 11 and 12.

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Figures 11 and 12 illustrate the rotatable mechanism 60 on which the printhead 14 is mounted. In a first position illustrated in Figures 11 and 12, the printhead 14 positioned on an opposite side of said ink ribbon cassette receiving portion 58 to the tape cassette receiving portion 8. After inserting the ink ribbon cassette 206 into the receiving portion in the printer, the mechanism 60 is rotated in a clockwise direction by a lever 56 whereby the printhead 14 mounted on an arm 62 of the mechanism 60 passes through the opening in the ink ribbon cassette as shown in Figure 13 to cooperate with the platen in the tape cassette 4 with the tape In the printing and ink ribbon disposed therebetween. position, the rotatable mechanism holds/clamps the ink ribbon cassette in position as shown in Figures 14 and 15.

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As the third embodiment does not comprise a two part housing as compared with the first and second embodiments it may be easier and cheaper to manufacture. Furthermore, as the ink

ribbon cassette receiving portion is fixed rather than movable relative to the body of the printer in the third embodiment, this may aid in more consistent alignment.

- Figures 16 to 23 show schematic diagrams of a D2-type printing 5 the present fourth embodiment of system according to a invention. The fourth embodiment is similar in construction to the third embodiment, the difference being in the structure of the mechanism on which the printhead 14 is mounted. In the third embodiment, the printhead is mounted on a rotatable 10 mechanism 60. In contrast, in the fourth embodiment the printhead is mounted on a mechanism 64 which moves along a straight line in a direction which is perpendicular to a line on the printhead and of printing elements perpendicular to the axis of rotation of the platen in the 15 tape cassette when the tape cassette is loaded in the printer. The mechanism comprises a lever 64 which is moveable in and out of an opening in the tape printer body 12. After inserting the ink ribbon cassette 306 and tape cassette 4 into the printer, pushing the lever 64 in an inwards direction causes 20 the printhead 14 to pass though an opening in the ink ribbon cassette 306 and co-operate with the platen in the tape cassette with the tape and ink ribbon disposed therebetween.
- 25 Figures 16 and 17 show two general views of the printing system in its printing arrangement with the tape cassette 4 and the ink ribbon cassette 306 mounted in the printer and the printhead mechanism 64 in its locked printing position.
- Figures 18 to 23 show in more detail the procedure for inserting the ink ribbon cassette. First, as illustrated in Figure 18 and 19, the handle/lever 64 on which the printhead 14 is mounted is moved from its locked position in which the

printhead is in its printing position to a position on an opposite side of the ink ribbon cassette receiving portion 304 from said tape cassette receiving portion 8. The ink ribbon cassette 306 can then be inserted into the ink ribbon cassette receiving portion 304. After inserting the ink ribbon cassette 306, the printhead mechanism 64 is actuated by a user whereby the printhead 14 is moved into a printing position and is locked in position by a locking mechanism. In this position, the print head mechanism 64 also holds the ink ribbon cassette in position. The printhead can be locked in position with a push lock system.

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The ink ribbon cassette may be similar in structure to that previously described. The cassette 306 illustrated in Figures 19 to 23 is of a modified design. However, the cassette still comprises a housing having a two portion structure with an opening therebetween as previously described.

The fourth embodiment has a more simple printhead mechanism than the third embodiment and may therefore be easier and cheaper to manufacture. Furthermore, as there are no tortional forces on the printhead mechanism during use then there is less likelihood of damage to the mechanism over a period of time. However, as the lever 64 in the fourth embodiment extends from the body of the printer in the position illustrated in Figures 18 and 19, then the lever may become damaged e.g. if the printer is dropped.

In a fifth embodiment not illustrated, a printer may be provided with a housing comprising a single opening through which both the ink ribbon cassette and the tape cassette may be inserted. In such an arrangement, a fixed printhead may be provided in the printer. An ink ribbon cassette similar to that illustrated in Figure 2a is loaded into the printer first

in a lateral direction whereby the printhead in the printer passes through the opening in the cassette and cooperates with the ink ribbon. A tape cassette similar to that previously described is subsequently inserted through the same opening until the platen in the tape cassette cooperates with the printhead with the ink ribbon and tape disposed therebetween. In a modification of this loading procedure, the ink ribbon is partially inserted and then the tape cassette actually pushes the ink ribbon cassette into its printing position when the tape cassette is inserted. In another alternative, the ink ribbon cassette may be attached to the tape cassette prior to insertion of the combined tape and ink ribbon cassettes in a similar manner to that described above.

While this invention has been particularly shown and described with reference to preferred embodiments thereof, it will be understood by those skilled in the art that various changes in form and details may be made therein without departing from the scope of the invention as defined by the appended claims.

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Claims:

- 1. A tape printer for use with a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette, said printer comprising a housing and a printhead having a line of printing elements thereon, wherein said printer comprises at least one cassette receiving portion in said housing for receiving the tape cassette and the ink ribbon cassette, such that the cassettes are receivable in a direction which is substantially perpendicular to the line of printing elements on the printhead when the printhead is in a printing position.
- A tape printer according to claim 1, wherein there are two cassette receiving portions in the housing, a first
 cassette receiving portion for receiving a tape cassette and a second cassette receiving portion for receiving an ink ribbon cassette.
- 3. A tape printer according to claim 2, wherein said print head is movable between a non-printing position and a printing position.
- 4. A tape printer according to claim 3, wherein the housing comprises two parts, one of the parts being movable relative to the other.
 - 5. A tape printer according to claim 4, wherein said print head is mounted on said movable part.
- 30 6. A tape printer according to claim 5, wherein said movable part is rotatable relative to said other part between a first position and a second position, said movable part being in a

printing position in said first position and in a non-printing position in said second position.

- 7. A tape printer according to any one of claims 4 to 6, wherein said movable part comprises the second cassette receiving portion and said other part comprises said first cassette receiving portion.
- 8. A tape printer according to any one of claims 4 to 6,

 wherein the tape printer further comprises a cassette holder,
 said cassette holder comprising the second cassette receiving
 portion and being movable between a first closed position and
 a second open position, said cassette holder being arranged to
 receive an ink ribbon cassette when said holder is in said

 second position.
 - 9. A tape printer according to claim 8, wherein said cassette holder is arranged to move from said first position to said second position when said movable part is opened and said cassette receiving portion is arranged to move from said second position to said first position when said movable part is closed.
- 10. A tape printer according to claim 9, wherein said movable part is rotatable through a first angle and said cassette holder is rotatable through a second angle between the first and second positions, said first angle being greater than said second angle.
- 30 11. A tape printer according to claim 10, wherein said movable part and said cassette holder are mounted to said other part on a common axis.

- 12. A tape printer according to any one of claims 8 to 11, wherein said cassette holder comprises an upper wall and a lower wall between which an ink ribbon cassette is receivable.
- 5 13. A tape printer according to claim 12, wherein the cassette holder further comprises two side wall portions on one side of said holder disposed between the upper and lower walls, a gap being provided between said two wall portions.
- 10 14. A tape printer according to claim 12 or 13, wherein guide members are provided on at least one of the upper and lower walls.
- 12. A tape printer according to any one of claims 4 to 14, wherein said movable part comprises an upper wall, a lower wall and a first and second cavity with a printhead mounting portion therebetween on which the printhead is mounted.
- 13. A tape printer substantially as described herein with 20 reference to Figures 1 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.
 - 14. A tape printing system comprising a tape printer according to any preceding claim in combination with a tape cassette housing a supply of tape and an ink ribbon cassette housing a supply of ink ribbon.
- 15. A tape printing system according to claim 14, wherein the ink ribbon cassette comprises a body having an ink ribbon supply portion housing an ink ribbon supply spool, an ink ribbon take-up portion housing an ink ribbon take-up spool, and wherein an opening is provided between the ink ribbon supply portion and the ink ribbon take-up portion which passes over the entire width of the cassette body from a rear side to

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a front side in a direction perpendicular to axes of rotation of said spools, with ink ribbon passing from said ink ribbon supply portion to said ink ribbon take-up portion across said opening, said ink ribbon cassette further comprising a gear coupled as said ink-ribbon take-up spool at an upper or a lower portion thereof for coupling with a drive gear in the tape printer.

- 16. A tape printing system according to claim 14 or claim 15, wherein the tape cassette comprises a body housing a tape supply spool and a platen mounted in an opening of said body for cooperation with said print head in use.
- 17. A printing system substantially as described herein with reference to Figures 1 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.

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18. An ink ribbon cassette for a tape printer, said cassette comprising a body having an ink ribbon supply portion housing an ink ribbon supply spool, an ink ribbon take-up portion housing an ink ribbon take up spool, and a member connecting said two portions, wherein an opening is provided in the body between the ink ribbon supply portion and the ink ribbon take up portion which extends over the entire width of the cassette body from a rear side to a front side in a direction perpendicular to axes of rotation of said spools, with ink ribbon passing from said ink ribbon supply portion to said ink ribbon take-up portion across said opening, said ink ribbon cassette further comprising a gear coupled to said ink-ribbon take-up spool at an upper or a lower portion thereof for coupling with a drive gear in a tape printer.

- 19. An ink ribbon cassette substantially as described herein with reference to Figures 1 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.
- 5 20. A method of loading a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette into a tape printer, said tape printer comprising a printhead having a line of printing elements thereon, said method comprising the step of inserting said tape cassette and said ink ribbon cassette into said tape printer in a direction which is substantially perpendicular to the line of printing elements on the printhead when the printhead is in a printing position.
- 21. A method of loading substantially as described herein with reference to Figures 1 to 23 of the accompanying drawings.

ABSTRACT

TAPE PRINTER

A tape printer for use with a tape cassette and an ink ribbon cassette, said printer comprising a housing and a printhead having a line of printing elements thereon, wherein said printer comprises at least one cassette receiving portion in said housing for receiving the tape cassette and the ink ribbon cassette, such that the cassettes are receivable in a direction which is substantially perpendicular to the line of printing elements on the printhead when the printhead is in a printing position.

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20 [Figure 1]



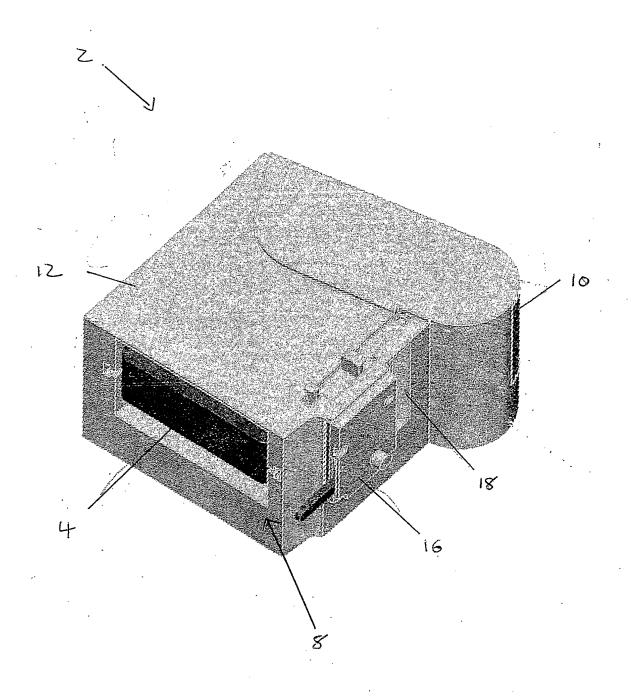
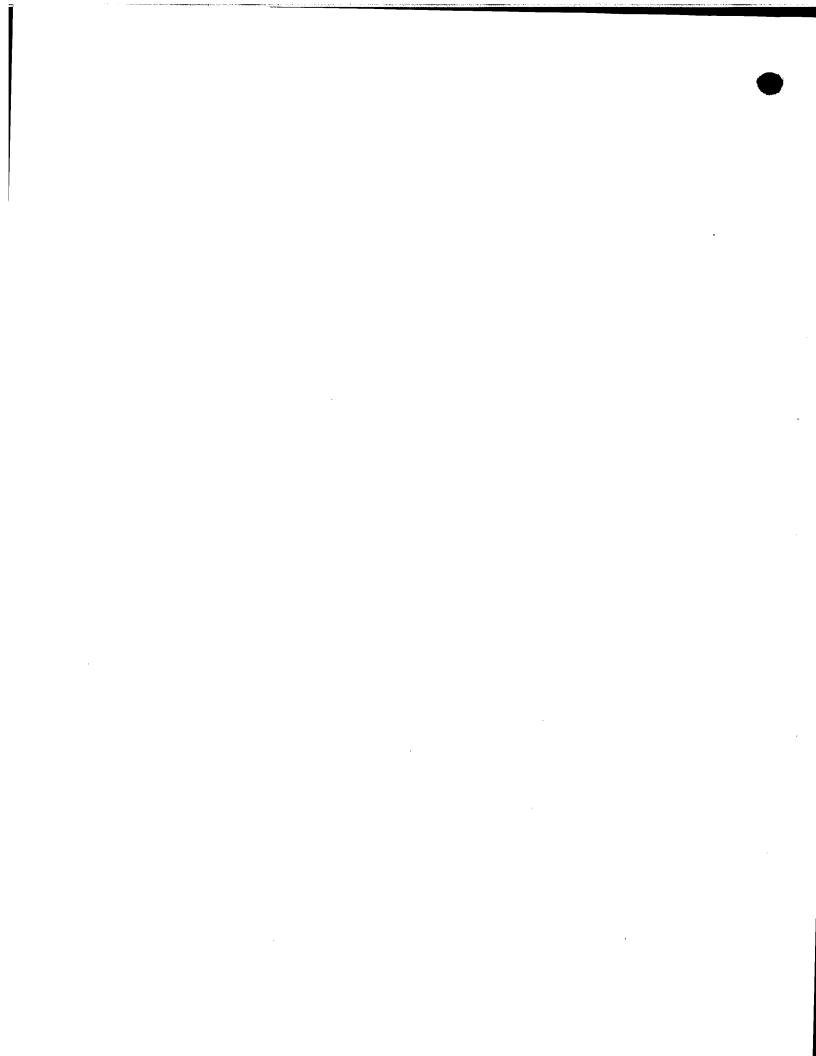
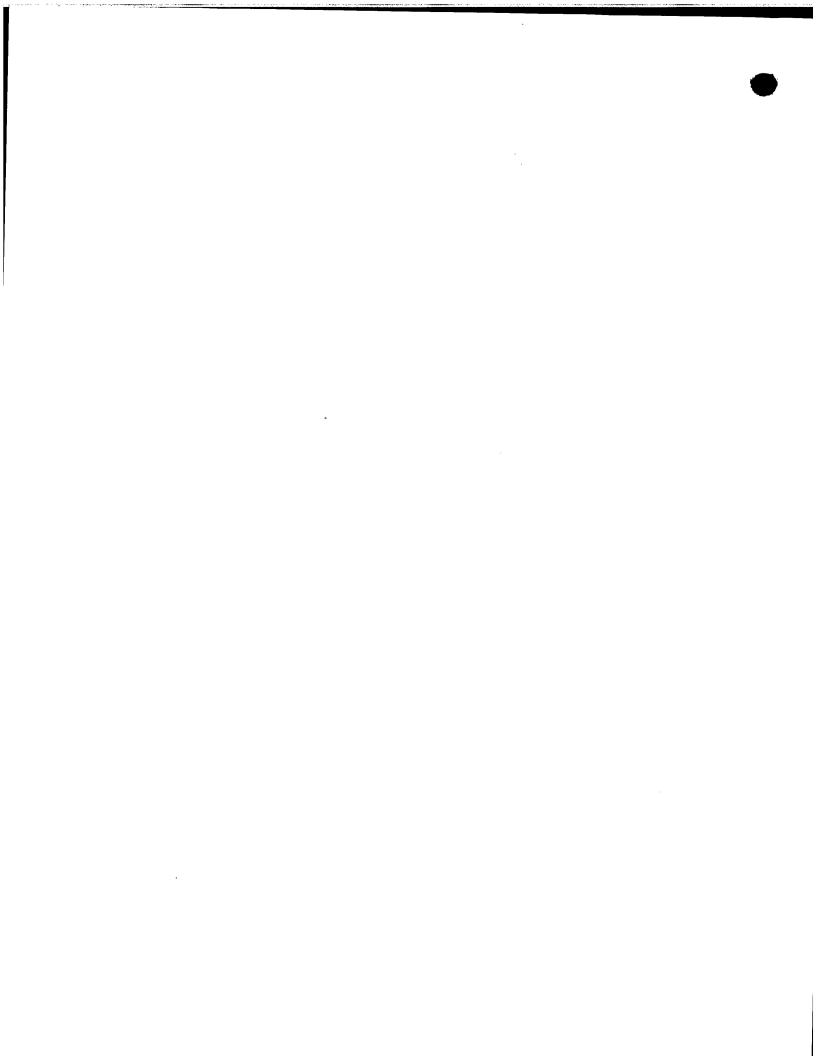
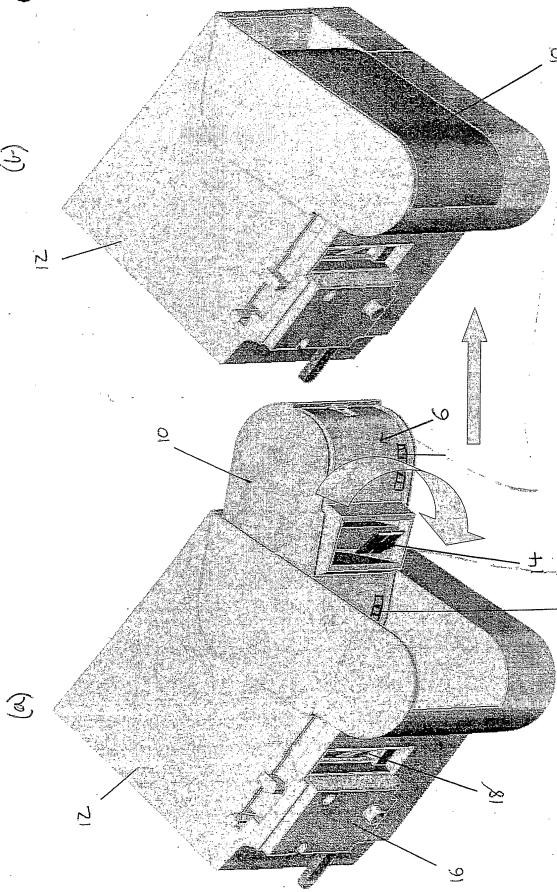


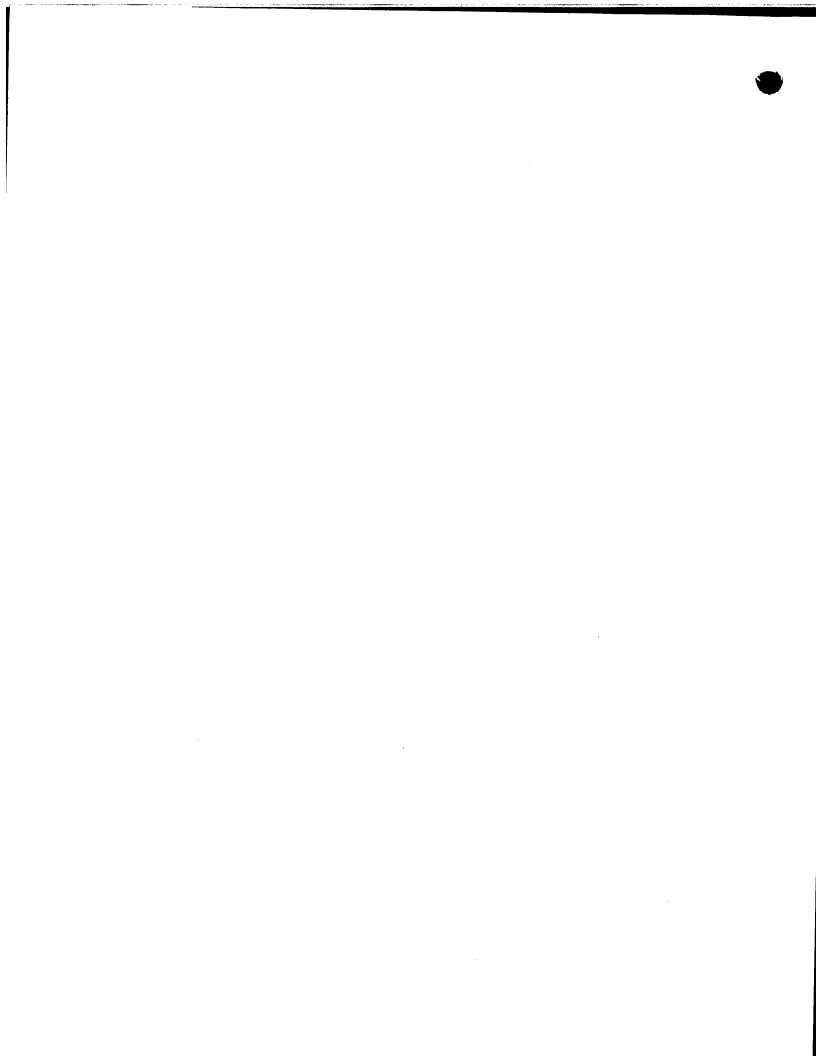
FIGURE 1







rigure 3



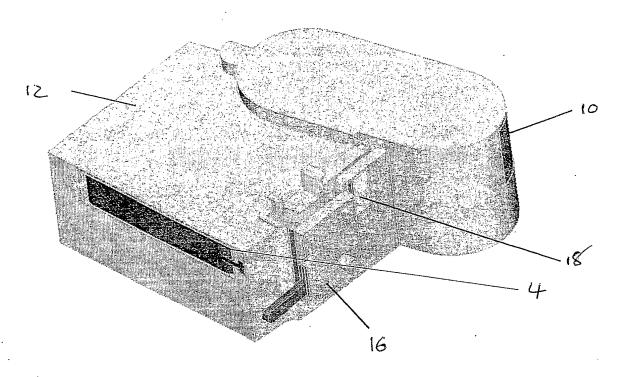


FIGURE 4

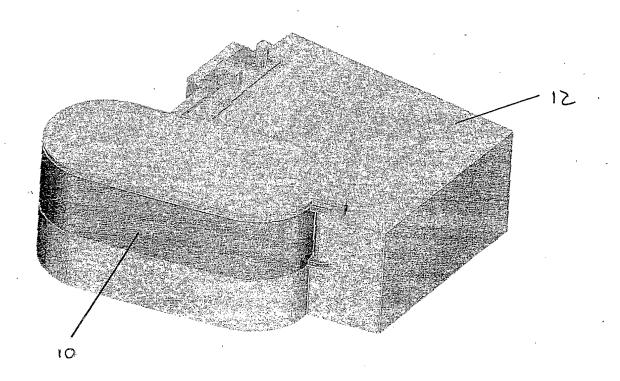
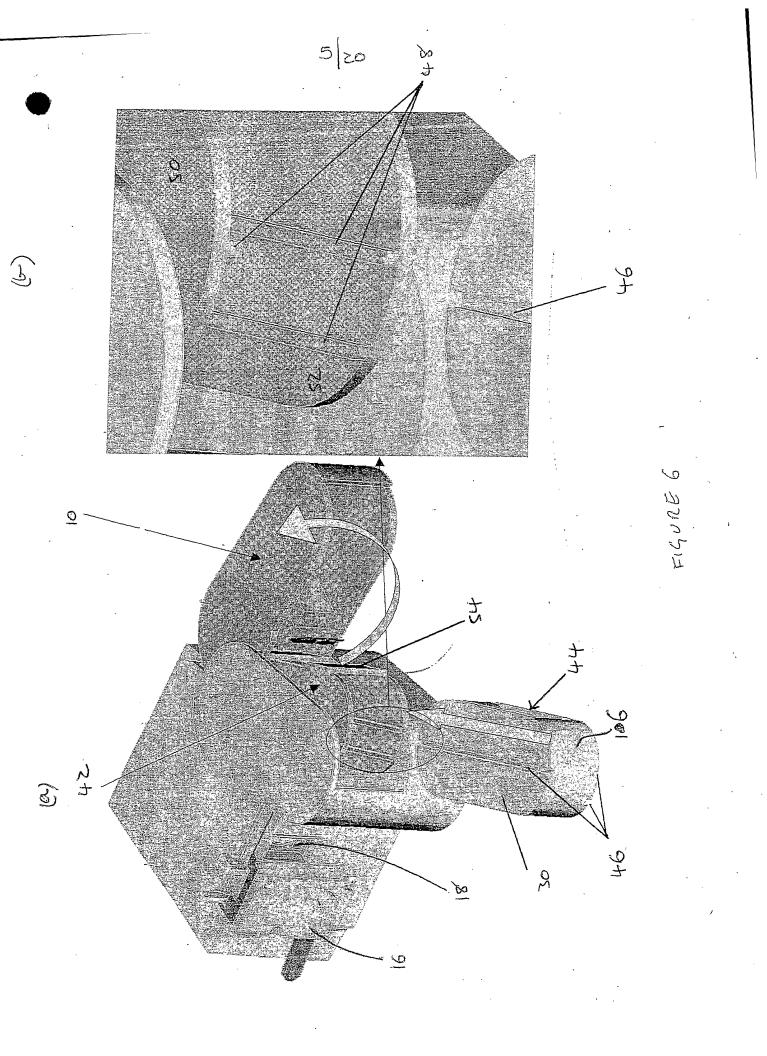
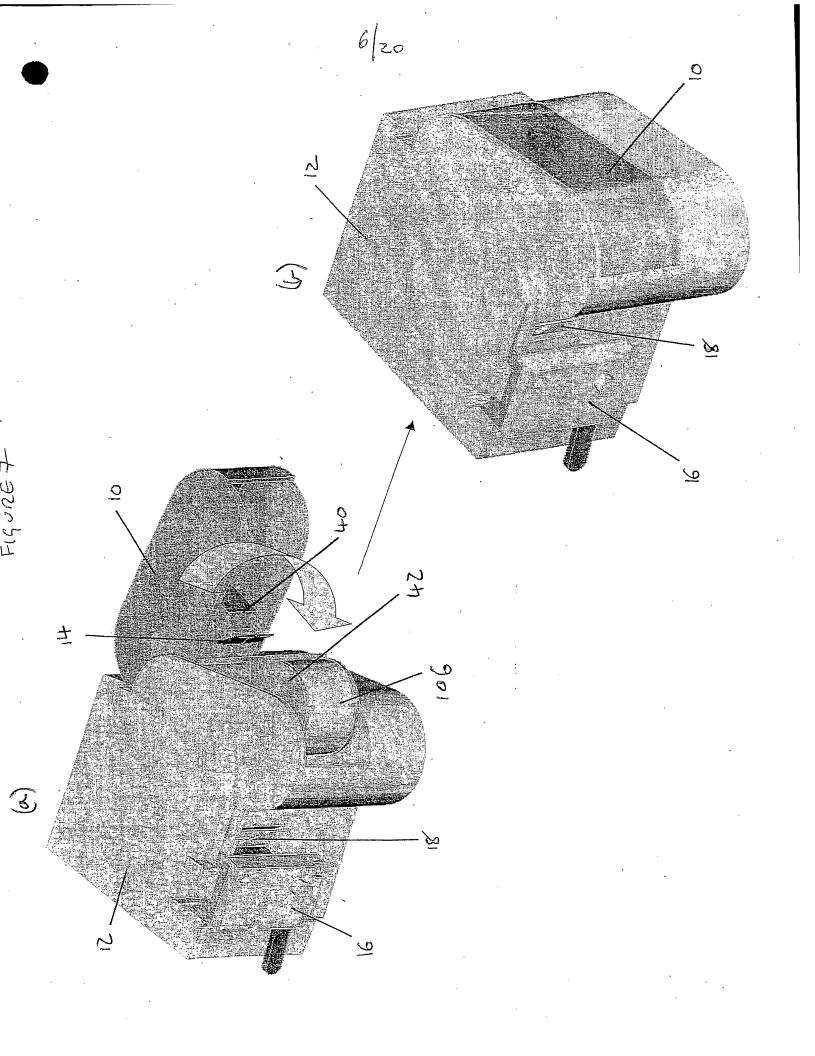


FIGURE S

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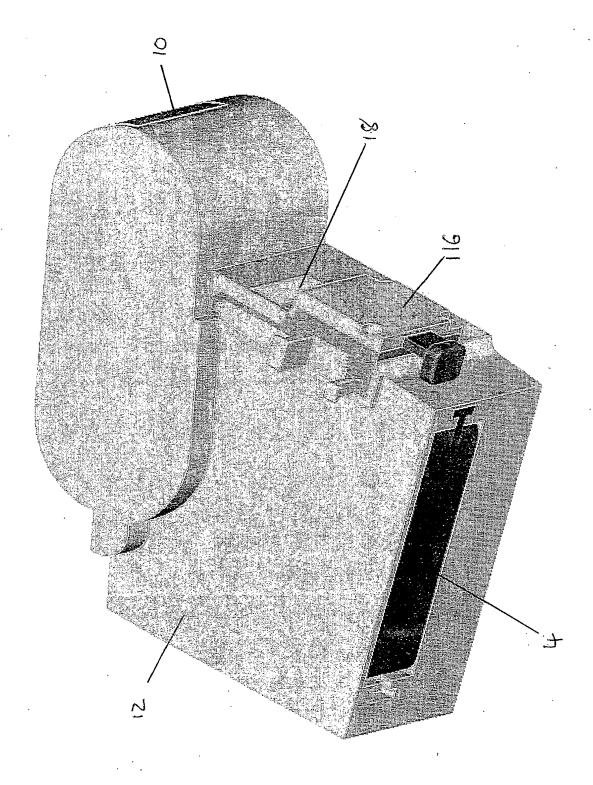
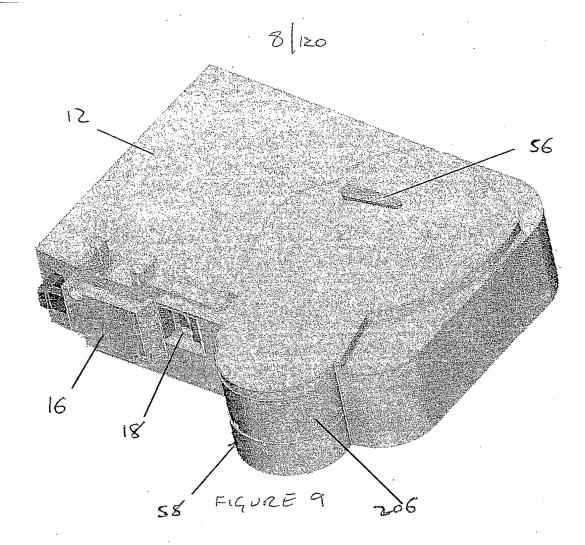


FIGURE &



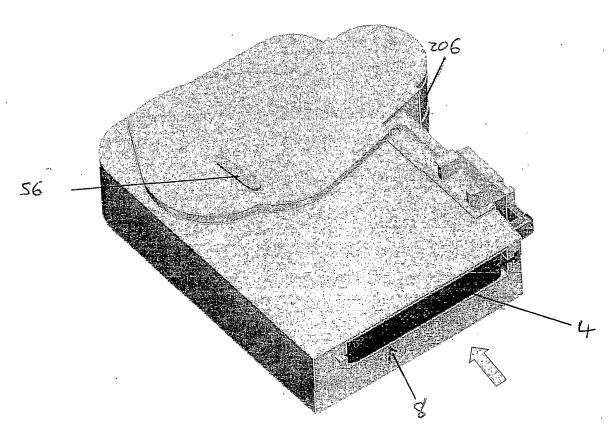
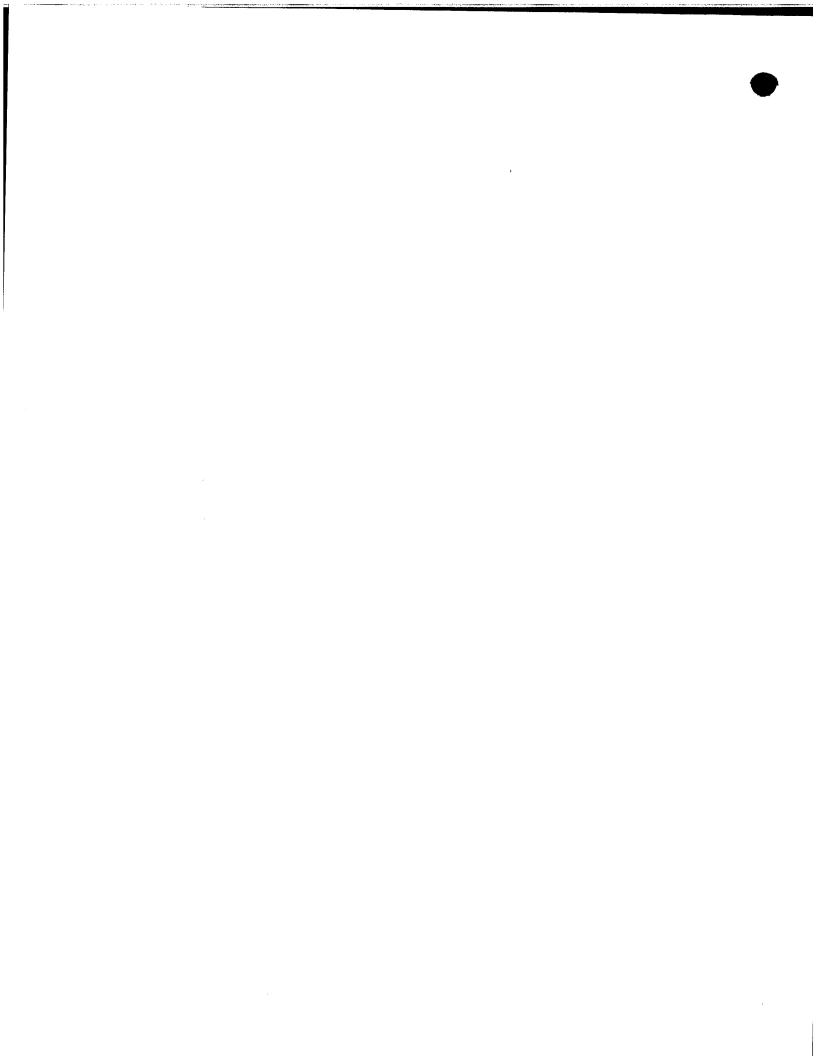
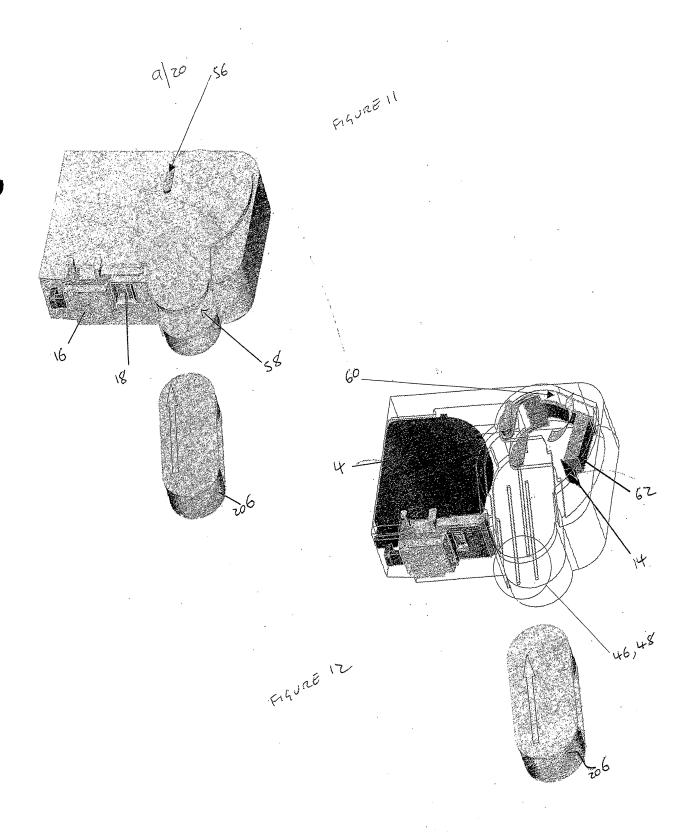
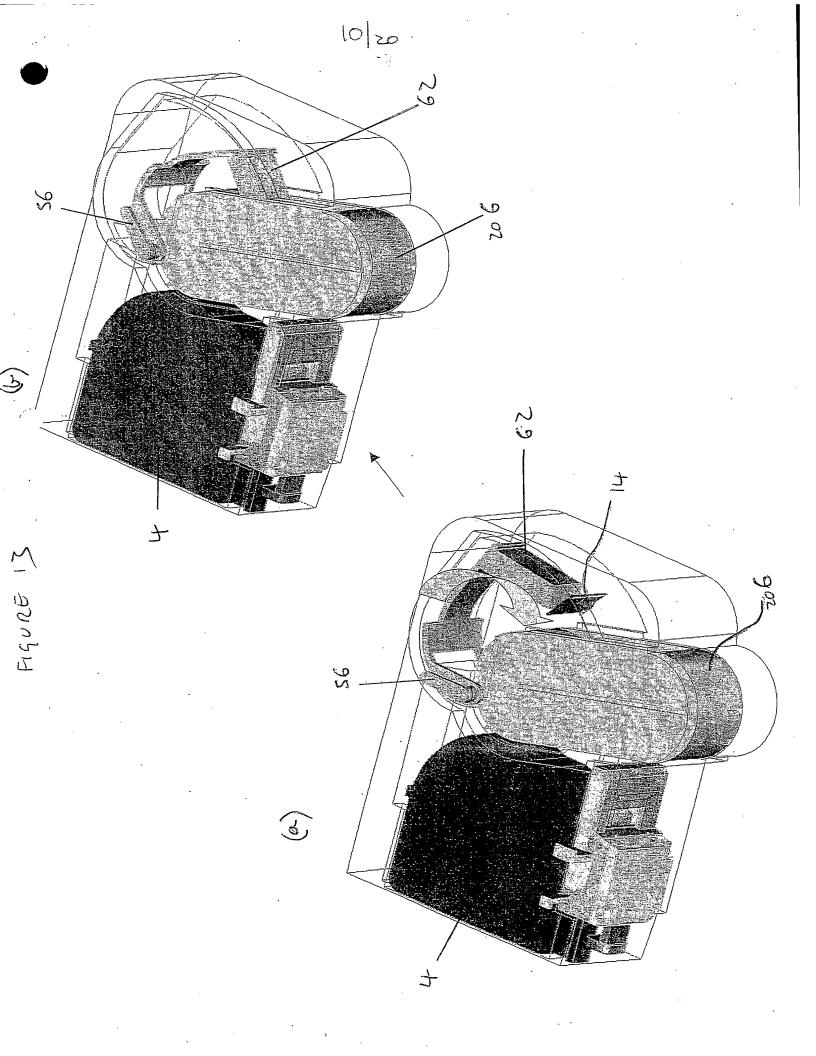


FIGURE 10



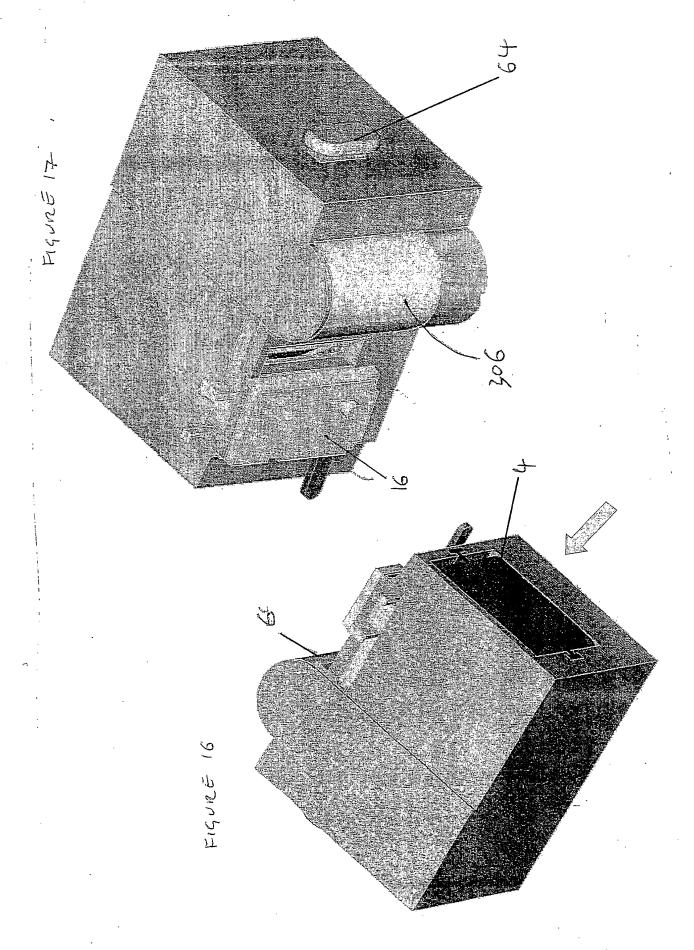












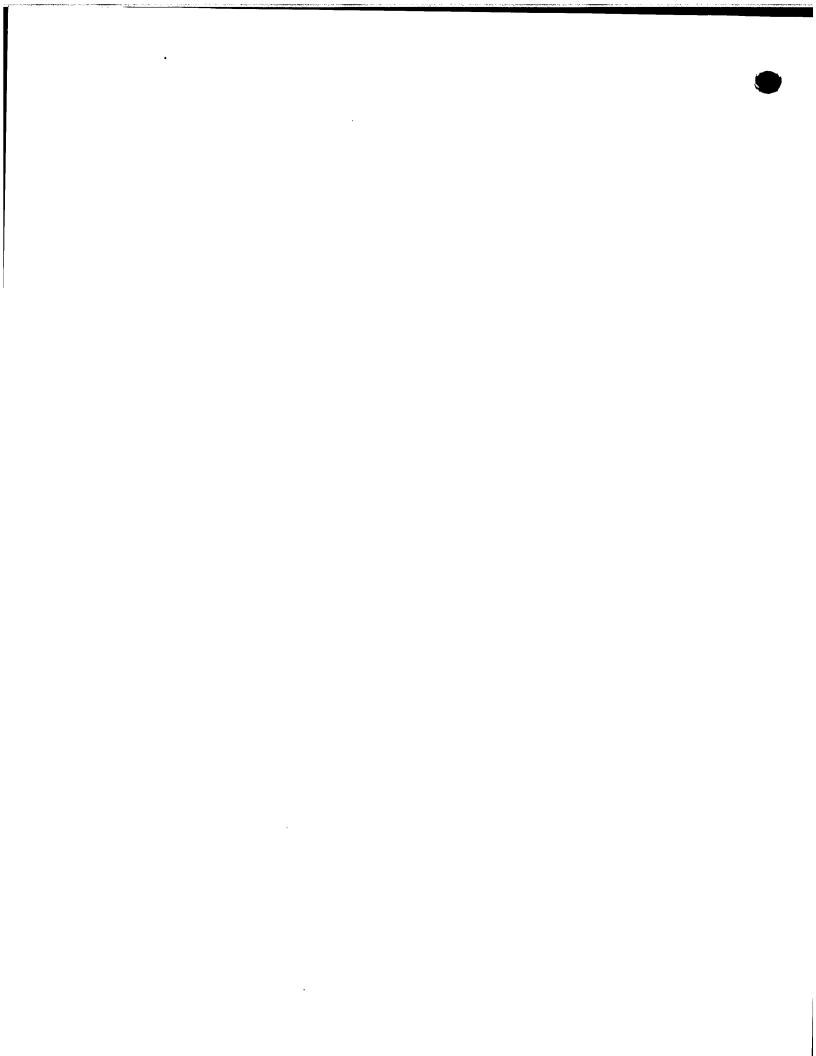
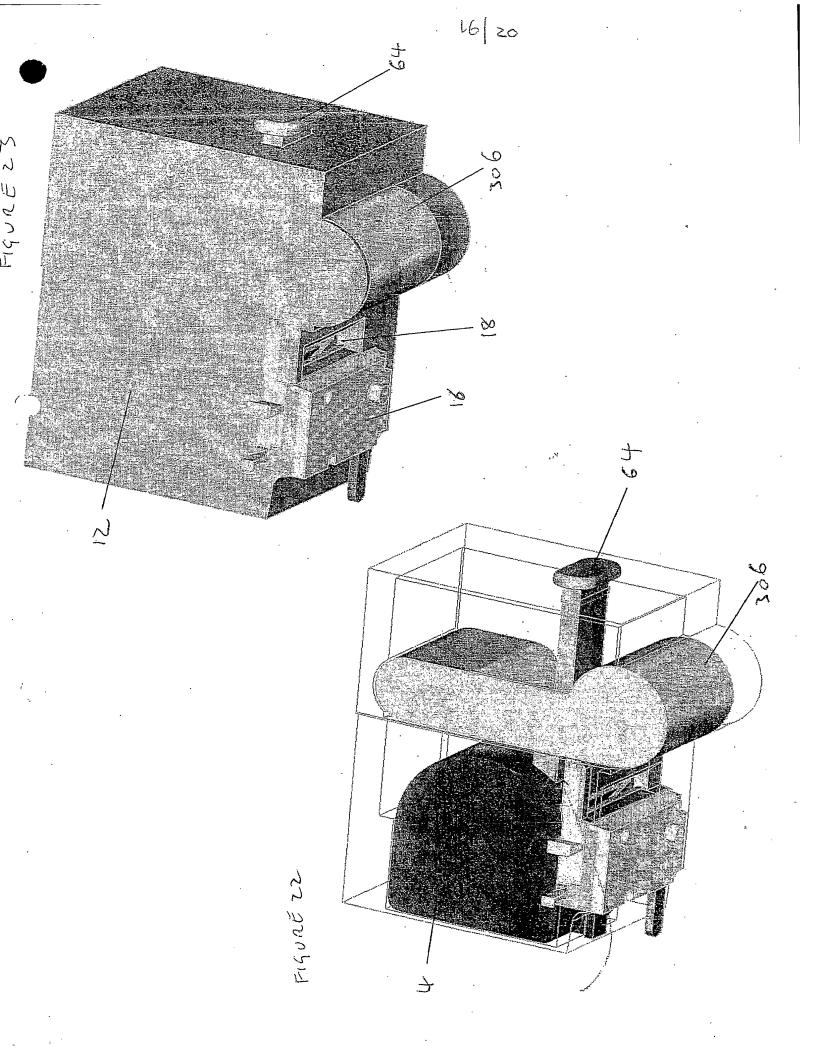


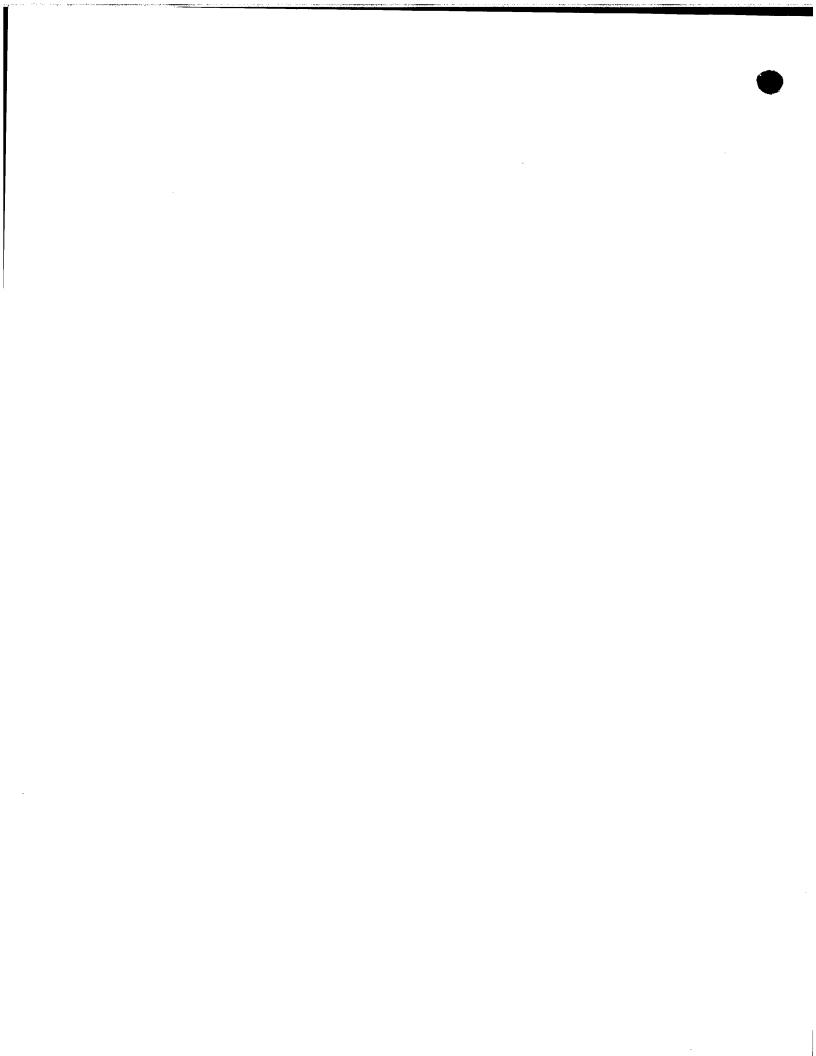


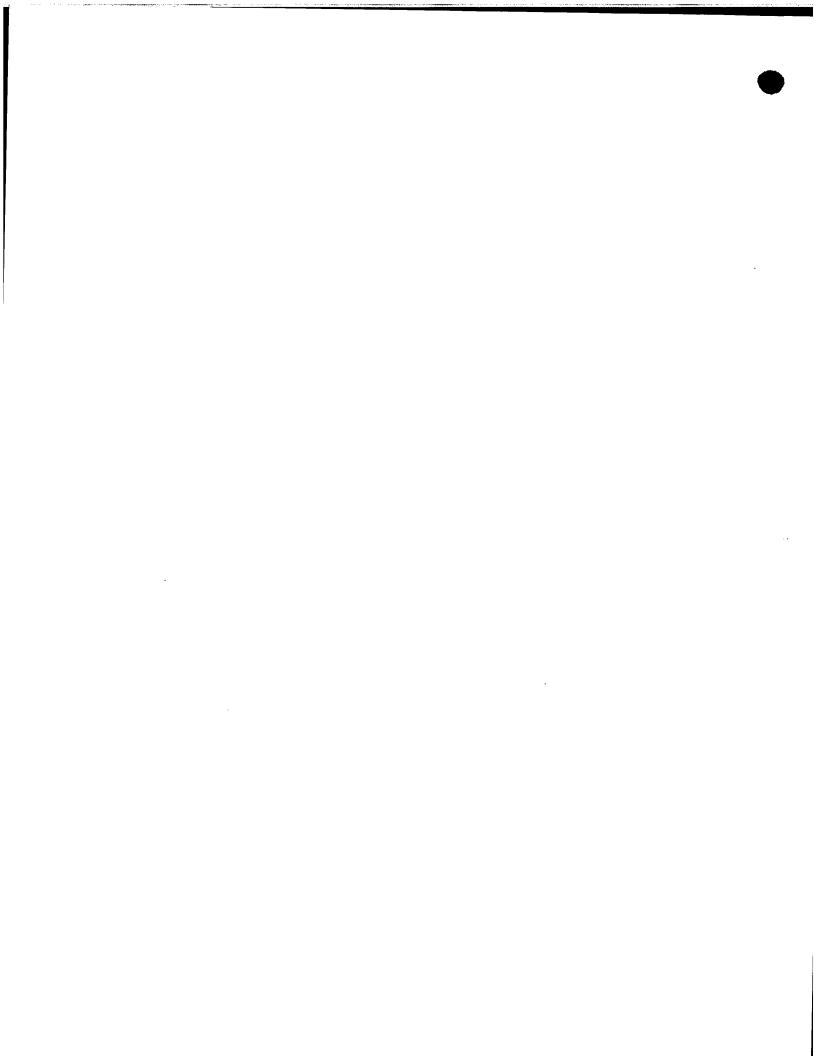
Figure 20

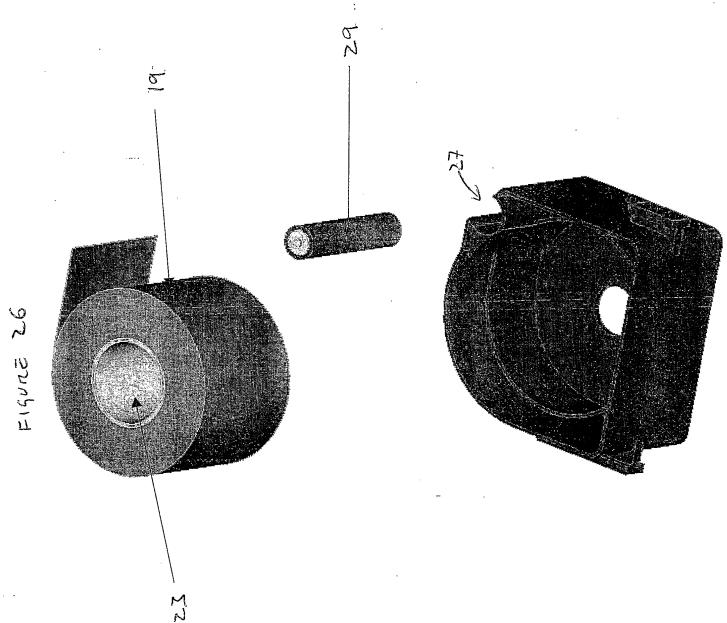
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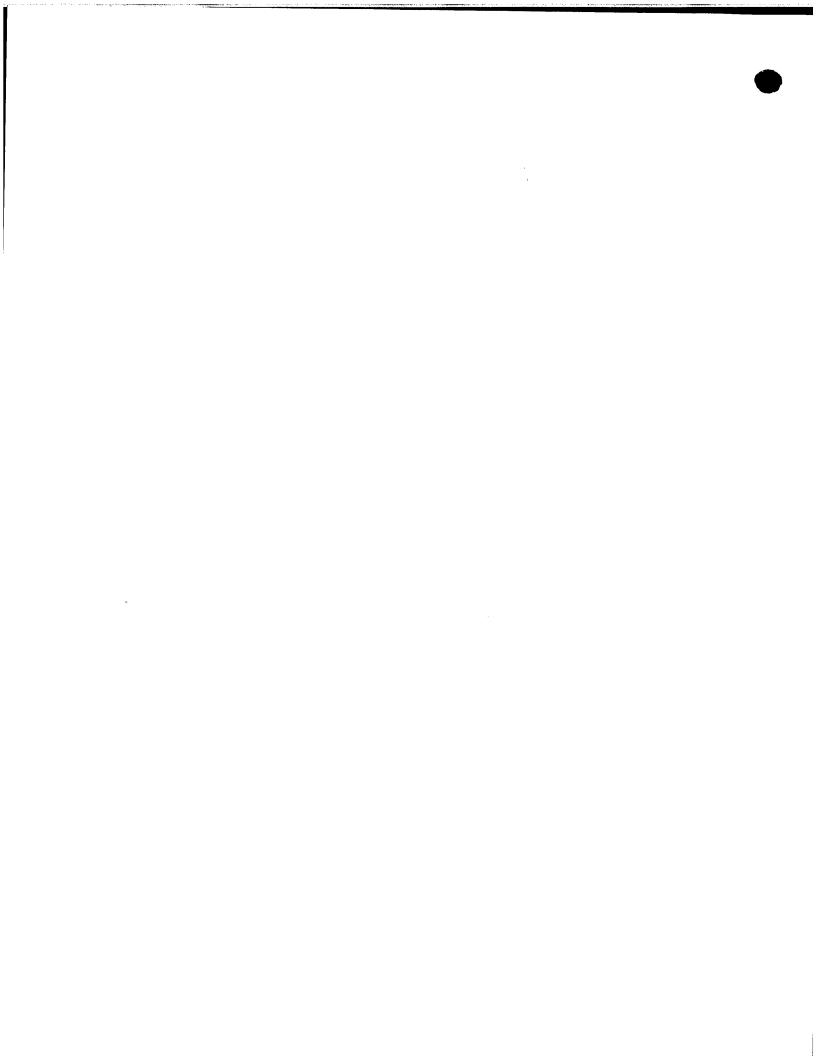


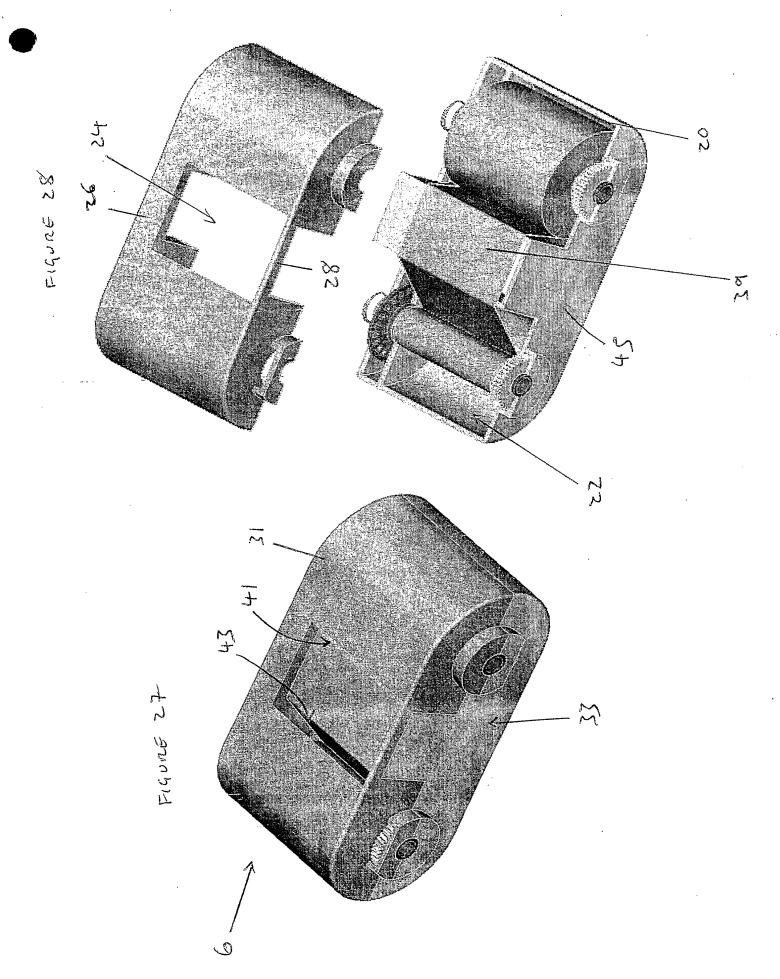


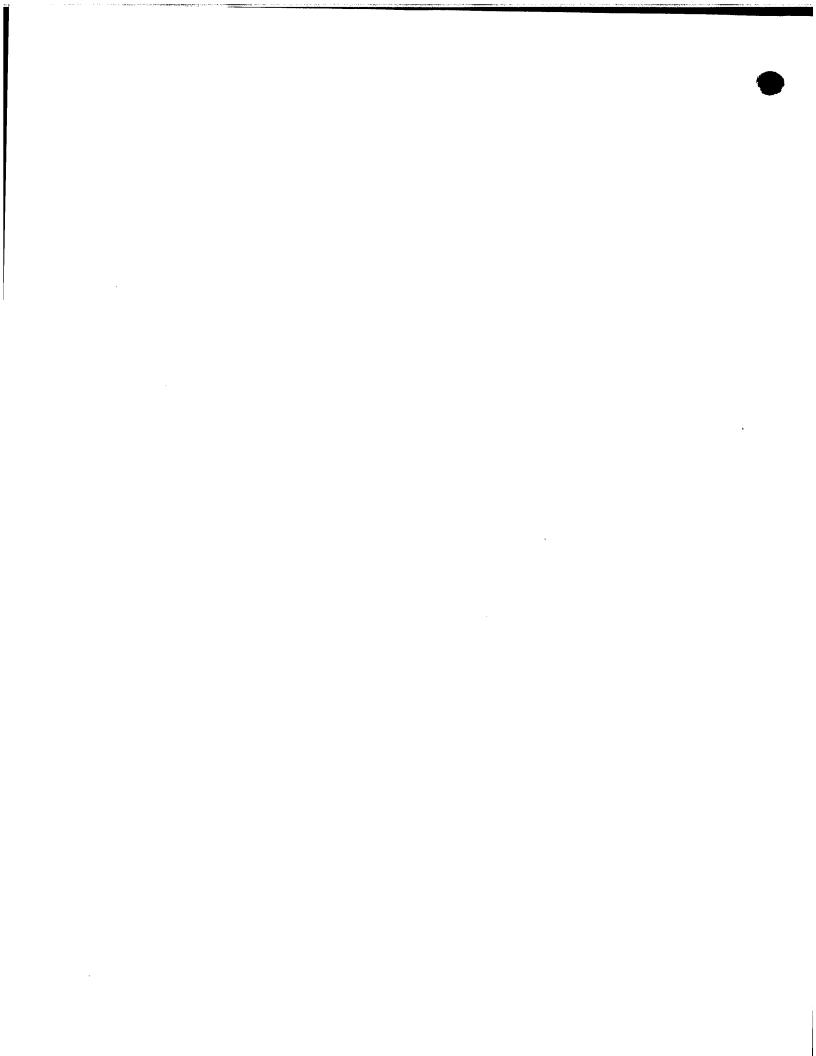


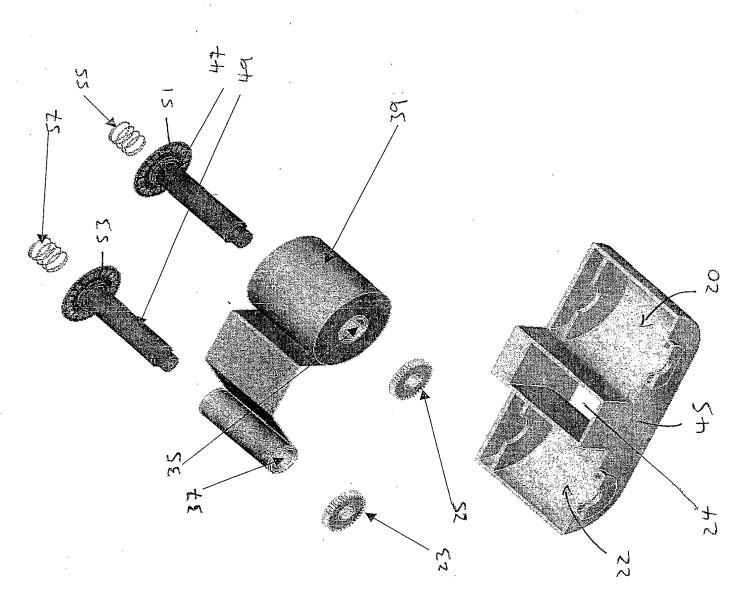












Marke 29

